

Opération sur les nombres rationnels.

1. Addition et soustraction :

Règle :

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c} ; c \neq 0.$$

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a \times d}{b \times d} + \frac{c \times b}{d \times b} ; b \neq 0 ; d \neq 0.$$

$$\frac{a}{b} - \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} + \frac{-c}{d} ; b \neq 0 ; d \neq 0.$$

Applications :

$$\frac{-1}{2} + \frac{4}{2} = \frac{(-1)+4}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{-5}{9} + \frac{-8}{9} = \frac{(-5)+(-8)}{9} = \frac{-13}{9}$$

$$\frac{-7}{5} + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{-28}{20} + \frac{45}{20} = \frac{(-28)+45}{20} = \frac{17}{20}$$

$$\frac{4}{11} + \frac{-9}{7} = \frac{28}{77} + \frac{-99}{77} = \frac{28+(-99)}{77} = \frac{-71}{77}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{-5}{3} - \frac{-1}{2} &= \frac{-5}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \\ &= \frac{-10}{6} + \frac{3}{6} = \frac{(-10)+3}{6} = \frac{-7}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{11}{3} - \frac{1}{5} &= \frac{11}{3} + \frac{-1}{5} = \frac{55}{15} + \frac{-3}{15} \\ &= \frac{55+(-3)}{15} = \frac{52}{15} \end{aligned}$$

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Remarque et cas particuliers:
 $\frac{a}{b}$ et $\frac{c}{d}$ deux nombres rationnels.

$$\frac{a}{b} + 0 = 0 + \frac{a}{b} = \frac{a}{b}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} - 0 = \frac{a}{b}$$

$$0 - \frac{a}{b} = -\frac{a}{b}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a}{b} = 0$$

$$\frac{a}{b} + -\frac{a}{b} = 0$$

Si $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d} = 0$ alors $\frac{a}{b}$ et $\frac{c}{d}$ sont opposés.

Exercice 1: calculer

$$A = \frac{-8,3}{2} + \frac{-5}{2}$$

$$= \frac{(-8,3) + (-5)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-13,3}{2}$$

$$B = \frac{4,2}{5} + \frac{-9}{5}$$

$$= \frac{4,2 + -9}{5}$$

$$= \frac{-4,8}{5}$$

$$C = \frac{5-2}{3} + \frac{4}{7}$$

$$= \frac{-14}{21} + \frac{12}{21}$$

$$= \frac{(-14) + 12}{21}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{21}$$

$$D = -\frac{9}{2} + \frac{-4}{3}$$

$$= \frac{-9}{2} + \frac{-4}{3}$$

$$= \frac{-27}{6} + \frac{-8}{6}$$

$$= \frac{(-27) + (-8)}{6}$$

$$= \frac{-35}{6}$$

$$E = \frac{5}{2} + \left(\frac{-11}{9}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} + \frac{-11}{9}$$

$$= \frac{45}{18} + \frac{-22}{18}$$

$$= \frac{45 + (-22)}{18}$$

$$= \frac{23}{18}$$

Exercice 2. calculer.

$$F = \frac{-4}{9} - \frac{15}{9}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{9} + \frac{-15}{9}$$

$$= \frac{(-4) + (-15)}{9}$$

$$= \frac{-19}{9}$$

$$G = \frac{18}{19} - \frac{25}{19}$$

$$= \frac{18}{19} + \frac{-25}{19}$$

$$= \frac{18 + (-25)}{19} = \frac{-7}{19}$$

$$H = \frac{-17}{5} - \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$= \frac{-17}{5} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{-102}{30} + \frac{5}{30}$$

$$= \frac{(-102) + 5}{30}$$

$$= \frac{-97}{30}$$

$$T = \frac{-3}{20} - \frac{-4}{3}$$

$$= \frac{-3}{20} + \frac{4}{3}$$

$$= \frac{-9}{60} + \frac{80}{60}$$

$$= \frac{(-9) + 80}{60}$$

$$= \frac{71}{60}$$

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Exercice 3. calculer les expressions:

$$A = \frac{13}{14} + \frac{11}{14} - \frac{9}{14}$$

$$= \frac{13}{14} + \frac{11}{14} + \frac{-9}{14}$$

$$= \frac{13 + 11 + (-9)}{14}$$

$$= \frac{15}{14}$$
$$B = \frac{-4}{5} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{-8}{10}$$

$$= \frac{-8}{10} + \frac{5}{10} + \frac{-8}{10}$$

$$= \frac{(-8) + 5 + (-8)}{10} = \frac{-11}{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c &= 1 + \frac{4}{3} - \frac{7}{4} \\
 &= \frac{1}{1} + \frac{4}{3} + \frac{-7}{4} \\
 &= \frac{12}{12} + \frac{16}{12} + \frac{-21}{12} \\
 &= \frac{12 + 16 + (-21)}{12}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= \frac{-7}{6} - \frac{8}{3} + \frac{-11}{8} + \frac{1}{12} \\
 &= \frac{-7}{6} + \frac{-8}{3} + \frac{-11}{8} + \frac{1}{12} \\
 &= \frac{-28}{24} + \frac{-64}{24} + \frac{-33}{24} + \frac{2}{24} \\
 &= \frac{(-28) + (-64) + (-33) + 2}{24} \\
 &= \frac{-123}{24}
 \end{aligned}$$

Exercice 4: Supprimer les parenthèses des expressions suivantes:

$$I = \left(\frac{5}{2} - \frac{3}{4} \right) - \left(-\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \right)$$

$$J = \left(\frac{-8}{3} - \frac{1}{5} \right) - \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{-7}{9} \right)$$

$$= \frac{8}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{-7}{9}$$

$$K = - \left[\frac{1}{8} - \left(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{6} \right) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= - \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \right) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{6}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left[\frac{-1}{2} - \left(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{11}{5} \right) \right] - \left[\frac{5}{6} - \left(-\frac{8}{7} + \frac{3,1}{9} \right) \right] \\
 &= \left(\frac{-1}{2} - \frac{2}{5} + \frac{11}{5} \right) - \left(\frac{5}{6} + \frac{8}{7} - \frac{3,1}{9} \right) \\
 &= \frac{-1}{2} - \frac{2}{5} + \frac{11}{5} - \frac{5}{6} - \frac{8}{7} + \frac{3,1}{9}
 \end{aligned}$$

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Exercice 5: Par deux méthodes différentes, calculer et simplifier l'expression :

$$M = \frac{-2}{5} - \left(-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{5} \right)$$

Méthode 1:

$$\begin{aligned}
 M &= \frac{-2}{5} - \left(-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{5} \right) \\
 &= \frac{-2}{5} - \left(-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{5} \right) \\
 &= \frac{-2}{5} - \left(-\frac{5}{30} + \frac{-12}{30} \right) \\
 &= \frac{-2}{5} - \frac{(-5) + (-12)}{30} \\
 &= \frac{-2}{5} - \frac{-17}{30} \\
 &= \frac{-2}{5} + \frac{17}{30} \\
 &= \frac{-12}{30} + \frac{17}{30} \\
 &= \frac{(-12) + 17}{30} \\
 &= \frac{5}{30} \\
 &= \frac{5 \div 5}{30 \div 5} = \frac{1}{6}
 \end{aligned}$$

Méthode 2:

$$N = \frac{-2}{5} - \left(\frac{-1}{6} - \frac{2}{5} \right)$$
$$= \frac{-2}{5} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}$$

2. Multiplication et division:

Règle:

$\frac{a}{b}$ et $\frac{c}{d}$ deux nombres rationnels.

$$\frac{a}{b} \times \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a \times c}{b \times d}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{d}{c}$$

Applications:

$$\frac{-2}{3} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{(-2) \times 4}{3 \times 7} = \frac{-8}{21}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \times \frac{-1}{9} = \frac{4 \times (-1)}{3 \times 9} = \frac{-4}{27}$$

$$\frac{10}{-5} \times \frac{-8}{-3} = \frac{10 \times (-8)}{(-5) \times (-3)} = \frac{-80}{15}$$

$$\frac{-11}{2} \div \frac{4}{9} = \frac{-11}{2} \times \frac{9}{4} = \frac{(-11) \times 9}{2 \times 4} = \frac{-99}{8}$$

$$\frac{8}{-5} \div \frac{-2}{3} = \frac{8}{-5} \times \frac{3}{-2} = \frac{8 \times 3}{(-5) \times (-2)} = \frac{24}{10} = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$\frac{-7}{11} \div 4 = \frac{-7}{11} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{(-7) \times 1}{11 \times 4} = \frac{-7}{44}$$

Remarques et cas particuliers.

Soient $\frac{a}{b}$ et $\frac{c}{d}$ deux nombres rationnels.

1) Soient $\frac{a}{b}$ et

$$1) \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{c}{d} = \frac{c}{d} \times \frac{a}{b}$$

2) La division n'est pas commutatif mais $\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d}$ est l'inverse de $\frac{c}{d} \div \frac{a}{b}$.

$$3) \frac{a}{b} \times 0 = 0, \frac{a}{b} - 0.$$

$$4) 0 \div \frac{a}{b} = 0.$$

$$5) \frac{a}{b} \times 1 = 1 \times \frac{a}{b} = \frac{a}{b}$$

$$6) \frac{a}{b} \div 1 = \frac{a}{b} \quad 1 \div \frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{a}$$

$$7) \frac{a}{b} \times (-1) = (-1) \times \frac{a}{b} = -\frac{a}{b}$$

$$8) \frac{a}{b} \div (-1) = -\frac{a}{b} \quad 1 \div (-1) = -1$$

Exercice 6: Calculer les opérations suivantes et donner le résultats sous forme d'un nombre rationnel simplifié:

$$\frac{-0,5}{3} \times \frac{-2}{5} = \frac{(-0,5) \times (-2)}{3 \times 5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{15}$$

$$\frac{-3}{2} \times 4 = \frac{-3}{2} \times \frac{4}{1}$$

$$= \frac{(-3) \times 4}{2 \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{-12}{2}$$

$$= -6$$

$$\frac{-7}{-9} \div \frac{-2}{5} = \frac{-7}{9} \times \frac{5}{-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{(-7) \times 5}{(-9) \times 8} = \\
 &= \frac{-35}{72} \\
 &J, \frac{-1,2}{3} \div \frac{2}{5} = \frac{-1,2}{3} \times \frac{5}{2} \\
 &= \frac{(-1,2) \times 5}{3 \times 2} \\
 &= \frac{-6}{6} \\
 &= -1.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (6) \quad \frac{13}{11} &= \frac{-6}{1} \div \frac{13}{11} \\
 &= \frac{-6}{1} \times \frac{11}{13} \\
 &= \frac{(-6) \times 11}{1 \times 13} \\
 &= \frac{-66}{13}
 \end{aligned}$$

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Exercice 7: calculer et simplifier les expressions.

$$M = \frac{9}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{-1}{8}$$

$$N = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{-7}{2} \div \frac{3}{4}$$

$$O = \frac{12}{25} \div \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{7}{144}$$

$$P = \frac{-3}{4} \times \frac{16}{9} \times \frac{27}{64}$$

Solution :

$$M = \frac{9}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{-1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{9}{4} \times \frac{5}{2} \times \frac{-1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{9 \times 5 \times (-1)}{4 \times 2 \times 8}$$

$$= \frac{-45}{64}$$

$$N = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{-7}{2} \div \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{-7}{2} \times \frac{4}{3}$$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{-7}{1} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{-7}{1} \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{5 \times (-7) \times 1}{3 \times 1 \times 3}$$

$$= \frac{-35}{9}$$

$$O = \frac{12}{25} \times \frac{5}{1} \times \frac{7}{144}$$

$$= \frac{12}{25} \times \frac{5}{1} \times \frac{7}{144}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{7}{12}$$

$$= \frac{7}{60}$$

$$P = \frac{-3}{4} \times \frac{16}{9} \times \frac{27}{64}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{1} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(-3) \times 1 \times 3}{4 \times 1 \times 4}$$

$$= \frac{-9}{16}$$

Exercice 8 : compléter les égalités suivantes :

$$\frac{7}{5} \times \frac{5}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$\frac{-2}{4} \times \frac{9}{-2} = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{11}{-3} = -\frac{11}{18}$$

$$\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{6}{5} = \frac{8}{15}$$

$$\frac{8}{7} \times \frac{-19}{16} = \frac{-7}{2}$$

Exercice 9 : calculer et simplifier :

$$A = \frac{9}{12} - \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{2}$$

$$B = \frac{-4}{3} + \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$C = \frac{-11}{3} \times \left(\frac{6}{5} + \frac{2}{3} \right)$$

Solution :

$$A = \frac{9}{12} - \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{9}{12} - \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$$

$$= \frac{9}{12} - \frac{2 \times 1}{3 \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{9}{12} - \frac{8}{9}$$

$$= \frac{9}{12} - \frac{8}{9}$$

$$= \frac{9}{12} + \frac{-8}{9}$$

$$= \frac{9}{12} + \frac{-8}{12}$$

$$= \frac{9 + (-8)}{12}$$

$$= \frac{1}{12}$$

$$B = \frac{-4}{3} + \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{3} + \frac{4 \times 1}{3 \times 5}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{3} + \frac{4}{15}$$

$$= \frac{-20}{15} + \frac{4}{15}$$

$$= \frac{(-20) + 4}{15}$$

$$= \frac{-16}{15}$$

$$C = \frac{-11}{3} \times \left(\frac{6}{5} + \frac{2}{3} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-11}{3} \times \left(\frac{18}{15} + \frac{10}{15} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-11}{3} \times \left(\frac{18 + 10}{15} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-11}{3} \times \frac{28}{15}$$

$$\frac{(-11) \times 28}{3 \times 15}$$

$$\frac{-308}{45}$$

$$\frac{-308}{45}$$